

International Credit Mobility - Call 2018

From 2015, Erasmus+ funds Erasmus-like student and staff mobility to and from Partner Countries outside Europe. This note is intended to help higher education institutions in "Programme Countries", who will apply for funding, to tailor their applications taking into account the EU's priorities and the available budgets.

Mobility can be both incoming to Europe and outgoing from Europe and the funding for this comes from the EU's budget for external cooperation, which means that this action has to follow the EU's external priorities.

The different regions of the world are grouped into a series of ring-fenced budget envelopes, which are detailed as follows:

Instrument for Pre-Accession

Region 1 – IPA Western Balkans	Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Montenegro, Serbia
--------------------------------	---

European Neighbourhood Instrument

Region 2 – ENI Eastern Partnership Countries	Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova, Territory of Ukraine as recognised by international law
Region 3 – ENI South-Mediterranean Countries	Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Palestine, Syria, Tunisia
Region 4 – ENI Russian Federation	Territory of Russia as recognised by international law

Development Co-operation Instrument

Region 6 - DCI Asia	Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Cambodia, China, DPR Korea, India, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Vietnam
Region 7 – DCI Central Asia	Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan
Region 8 – DCI Latin America	Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay, Venezuela
Region 9 – DCI Middle east	Iran, Iraq, Yemen
Region 10 – DCI South Africa	South Africa

Partnership Instrument

PI Industrialised Americas	Canada, United States of America
PI Industrialised Asia	Australia, Brunei, Hong Kong, Japan, (Republic of) Korea, Macao, New Zealand, Singapore, Taiwan



Erasmus+

European Development Fund

Region 11 - African, Caribbean and Pacific states (ACP)	Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Congo -Democratic Republic of the, Cook Islands, Djibouti, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Kenya, Kiribati, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Micronesia-Federated States of, Mozambique, Namibia, Nauru, Niger, Nigeria, Niue, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Rwanda, Saint Kitts And Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent And The Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Timor Leste - Democratic Republic of, Tanzania, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tuvalu, Uganda, Vanuatu, Zambia, Zimbabwe.
--	---

NEWS 2018

From Call 2018, Switzerland and the Faroe Islands are eligible to participate in ICM as Partner Countries, only for Outgoing Student Mobility for Traineeships in 'digital skills' from Programme Countries funded from Heading 1.

For each region, the EU has set a number of targets which will need to be achieved at European level during the 7-year period of the Erasmus+ programme:

- ✓ In Asia and Latin America, at least 25% of the available budget should go to projects with the least developed countries in the region;
- ✓ No more than 30% of the budget available for Asia should go to projects with China and India combined;
- ✓ No more than 35 % of the budget available for Latin America should go to Brazil and Mexico combined.

These targets have to be reached at the level of the EU and by 2020, not by individual higher education institutions and not year on year. However, in order to attain these targets, higher education institutions are strongly encouraged to work with partners in the poorest and least developed Partner Countries in addition to the large emerging economies.

In addition, a few more rules apply:

- ✓ Outgoing mobility of short-cycle, first, or second cycle European students to Developing Asia, Central Asia, Latin America, Middle East, South Africa or African, Caribbean or Pacific countries **cannot be funded** by the EU's external cooperation budget. Outgoing mobility from Europe can therefore only be for doctoral candidates or staff.
- ✓ Higher education institutions are free to apply for 100% staff mobility or 100% student mobility or anything in between.

Available budget for BE-Fr:

Instrument / Region	BE-FR 2018	Number of credit mobilities BE-Fr
IPA	131.155,55 €	33
ENI SOUTH	372.894,43 €	93
ENI EAST	281.018,79 €	70
Tunisia Window	75.000,00 €	19
Total Russia (ENI & PI)	163.087,20 €	41
DCI Latin America	64.786,39 €	16
DCI Asia	199.783,91 €	50
DCI Middle East	29.992,60 €	7
DCI Central Asia	56.413,37 €	14
DCI South Africa	42.846,67 €	11
EDF	65.517,01 €	16
West Africa Trust Fund Window*	60.000,00€	15
PI USA Canada	70.463,84 €	18
PI Asia industrialised, Australia, New Zealand	74.585,30 €	19
Total	1.687.545,04 €	422

* **West Africa Trust Fund Window:** Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Chad, Cote d'Ivoire, the Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal.

**Geographical balance:**

<i>Budget envelope</i>	<i>Rule</i>
Region 1 - Western Balkans	No rule for incoming vs outgoing mobility
Region 2 - Eastern Partnership Countries	No rule for incoming vs outgoing mobility
Region 3 - South-Mediterranean Countries	
Region 4 - Russian Federation	No rule for incoming vs outgoing mobility
Region 6 - DCI Asia	No outgoing short, 1st or second cycle mobility from DCI budget
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • at least 25% for Afghanistan Bangladesh, Cambodia, Laos, Nepal, Bhutan & Myanmar • maximum 30% for India & China combined
Region 8 - Latin America	No outgoing short, 1st or second cycle mobility from DCI budget
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • at least 25% for Bolivia, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras & Paraguay • maximum 35% for Brazil & Mexico combined
Region 7 - Central Asia	No outgoing short, 1st or second cycle mobility from DCI budget
Region 9 – Middle east	No outgoing short, 1st or second cycle mobility from DCI budget
Region 10 - South Africa	No outgoing short, 1st or second cycle mobility from DCI budget
Region 11 - EDF / ACP countries	No outgoing short, 1st or second cycle mobility from EDF budget
West Africa Trust Fund Window	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No rule for incoming mobility • Only outgoing staff mobility (including 3rd cycle PhD candidates if they are treated as staff by the sending Programme HEI)
PI Americas	No rule for incoming vs outgoing mobility
PI Asia	No rule for incoming vs outgoing mobility
Heading 1: Faroe Islands, Switzerland	Only outgoing traineeship mobility in 'digital skills'

In addition to the rules listed in the table, **geographical balance is a general rule for all multi-country envelopes** which will be enforced at Commission level and for which NAs will have the possibility to take corrective measures during the evaluation process in order to spread the available budgets as widely as possible.